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when the consumer applies for government benefits that the agency disburses or will disburse by means of an electronic fund transfer. The agency shall verify the identity of the consumer receiving the device by reasonable means before the device is activated.

- (c) Alternative to periodic statement. A government agency need not furnish the periodic statement required by §205.9(b) if the agency makes available to the consumer:
- (1) The consumer's account balance, through a readily available telephone line and at a terminal (such as by providing balance information at a balance-inquiry terminal or providing it, routinely or upon request, on a terminal receipt at the time of an electronic fund transfer); and
- (2) A written history of the consumer's account transactions that is provided promptly in response to an oral or written request and that covers at least 60 days preceding the date of a request by the consumer.
- (d) Modified requirements. A government agency that does not furnish periodic statements, in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section, shall comply with the following special rules:
- (1) *Initial disclosures*. The agency shall modify the disclosures under §205.7(b) by disclosing:
- (i) Account balance. The means by which the consumer may obtain information concerning the account balance, including a telephone number. The agency provides a notice substantially similar to the notice contained in paragraph A-5 in Appendix A of this part.
- (ii) Written account history. A summary of the consumer's right to receive a written account history upon request, in place of the periodic statement required by §205.7(b)(6), and the telephone number to call to request an account history. This disclosure may be made by providing a notice substantially similar to the notice contained in paragraph A-5 in Appendix A of this part.

(iii) Error resolution. A notice concerning error resolution that is substantially similar to the notice contained in paragraph A-5 in Appendix A

of this part, in place of the notice required by \$205.7(b)(10).

- (2) Annual error resolution notice. The agency shall provide an annual notice concerning error resolution that is substantially similar to the notice contained in paragraph A-5 in appendix A, in place of the notice required by §205.8(b).
- (3) Limitations on liability. For purposes of §205.6(b)(3), regarding a 60-day period for reporting any unauthorized transfer that appears on a periodic statement, the 60-day period shall begin with transmittal of a written account history or other account information provided to the consumer under paragraph (c) of this section.
- (4) Error resolution. The agency shall comply with the requirements of §205.11 in response to an oral or written notice of an error from the consumer that is received no later than 60 days after the consumer obtains the written account history or other account information, under paragraph (c) of this section, in which the error is first reflected.

[Reg. E, 61 FR 19669, May 2, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 43469, Aug. 14, 1997]

§ 205.16 Disclosures at automated teller machines.

- (a) Definition. Automated teller machine operator means any person that operates an automated teller machine at which a consumer initiates an electronic fund transfer or a balance inquiry and that does not hold the account to or from which the transfer is made, or about which an inquiry is made.
- (b) *General*. An automated teller machine operator that imposes a fee on a consumer for initiating an electronic fund transfer or a balance inquiry shall:
- (1) Provide notice that a fee will be imposed for providing electronic fund transfer services or a balance inquiry; and
 - (2) Disclose the amount of the fee.
- (c) *Notice requirement*. An automated teller machine operator must comply with the following:
- (1) On the machine. Post the notice required by paragraph (b)(1) of this section in a prominent and conspicuous

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location on or at the automated teller machine; and

- (2) Screen or paper notice. Provide the notice required by paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section either by showing it on the screen of the automated teller machine or by providing it on paper, before the consumer is committed to paying a fee.
- (d) Temporary exemption. Through December 31, 2004, the notice requirement in paragraph (c)(2) of this section does not apply to any automated teller machine that lacks the technical capability to provide such information.
- (e) Imposition of fee. An automated teller machine operator may impose a fee on a consumer for initiating an electronic fund transfer or a balance inquiry only if
- (1) The consumer is provided the notices required under paragraph (c) of this section, and
- (2) The consumer elects to continue the transaction or inquiry after receiving such notices.

[Reg. E, 66 FR 13412, Mar. 6, 2001]

§ 205.17 Requirements for electronic communication.

- (a) Definition. Electronic communication means a message transmitted electronically between a financial institution and a consumer in a format that allows visual text to be displayed on equipment, for example, a personal computer monitor.
- (b) General rule. In accordance with the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (the E-Sign Act), 15 U.S.C. 7001 et seq., and the rules of this part, a financial institution may provide by electronic communication any disclosure required by this part to be in writing.
- (c) Address or location to receive electronic communication. A financial institution that uses electronic communication to provide disclosures required by this part shall:
- (1) Send the disclosure to the consumer's electronic address; or
- (2) Make the disclosure available at another location such as an Internet web site; and
- (i) Alert the consumer of the disclosure's availability by sending a notice to the consumer's electronic address (or to a postal address, at the financial

institution's option). The notice shall identify the account involved and the address of the Internet web site or other location where the disclosure is available; and

- (ii) Make the disclosure available for at least 90 days from the date the disclosure first becomes available or from the date of the notice alerting the consumer of the disclosure, whichever comes later.
- (d) Redelivery. When a disclosure provided by electronic communication is returned to a financial institution undelivered, the financial institution shall take reasonable steps to attempt redelivery using information in its files.
- (e) Persons other than financial institutions. Persons other than a financial institution that are required to comply with this part may use electronic communication in accordance with the requirements of § 205.17, as applicable.

[Reg. E, 66 FR 17793, Apr. 4, 2001]

APPENDIX A TO PART 205—MODEL DISCLOSURE CLAUSES AND FORMS

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- A-1—MODEL CLAUSES FOR UNSOLICITED ISSUANCE (§ 205.5(b)(2))
- A-2—MODEL CLAUSES FOR INITIAL DISCLO-SURES (§ 205.7(b))
- A=3—Model forms for error resolution notice (§§ 205.7(b)(10) and 205.8(b))
- A-4—Model form for service-providing institutions ($\S205.14(b)(1)(ii)$)
- A-5—Model forms for government agencies ($\S 205.15(d)(1)$ and (2))

A–1—Model Clauses For Unsolicited Issuance ($\S 205.5(B)(2)$)

(a) Accounts using cards. You cannot use the enclosed card to transfer money into or out of your account until we have validated it. If you do not want to use the card, please (destroy it at once by cutting it in half).

[Financial institution may add validation instructions here.]

(b) Accounts using codes. You cannot use the enclosed code to transfer money into or out of your account until we have validated it. If you do not want to use the code, please (destroy this notice at once).

[Financial institution may add validation instructions here.]

A-2—Model Clauses For Initial Disclosures (§205.7(b))

(a) Consumer Liability (§205.7(b)(1)). (Tell us AT ONCE if you believe your [card] [code]